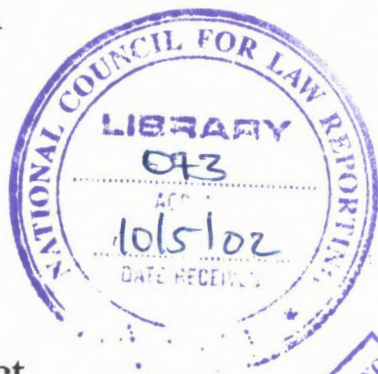


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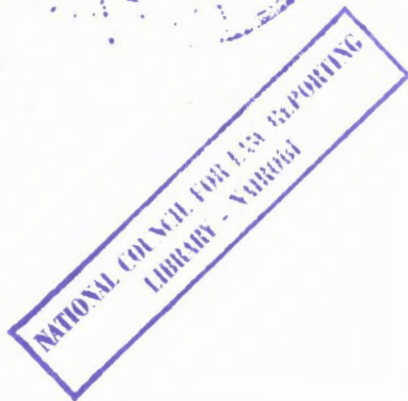
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LAWS OF KENYA



The Vagrancy Act

CHAPTER 58



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CHAPTER 58

THE VAGRANCY ACT

61 of 1968,
11 of 1970.*Commencement: 17th February, 1969*

An Act of Parliament to make provision for the suppression of vagrancy; for the detention of vagrants and for the care and rehabilitation of beggars; and for matters incidental thereto and connected therewith

PART I—PRELIMINARY

1. This Act may be cited as the Vagrancy Act. Short title.
2. In this Act, unless the context otherwise requires— Interpretation.

“administrative officer” means a Provincial Commissioner, District Commissioner or District Officer;

“beggar” means a vagrant who, whether by reason of physical or mental disability, is unable to maintain himself otherwise than by vagrancy, and in respect of whom no person has shown himself to be willing and able to maintain him;

“court” means any court subordinate to the High Court;

“place of detention” means a prison within the meaning of the Prisons Act or a detention camp within the meaning of the Detention Camps Act; Cap. 90.
Cap. 91.

“police officer” includes an administration police officer;

“rehabilitation centre” means premises declared by the Minister under section 9 to be a rehabilitation centre;

“vagrant” means—

 - (a) a person having neither lawful employment nor lawful means of subsistence such as to provide him regularly with the necessities for his maintenance; and, for the purposes of this paragraph, prostitution shall not be deemed to be lawful employment, and earnings from prostitution shall not be deemed to be lawful means of subsistence; or
 - (b) a person having no fixed abode and not giving a satisfactory account of himself; and, for the purposes of this paragraph, a person lodging in or about any verandah, pavement, sidewalk, passage, out-house, shed, warehouse, store, shop or unoccupied

building, or in the open air or in or about a cart or vehicle, shall be deemed to be a person having no fixed abode; or

(c) a person wandering abroad, or placing himself in a public place, to beg or gather alms; or

(d) a person offering, pretending or professing to tell fortunes, or using any subtle craft, means or device by palmistry or otherwise to deceive or impose upon any person.

PART II—POWERS TO DEAL WITH VAGRANCY

Powers of
arrest.

3. A police officer may without warrant arrest any person who is apparently a vagrant or any person whom he suspects upon reasonable grounds of having committed an offence under this Act.

Powers of
the court.
11 of 1970, Sch.

4. (1) The court before whom any person is brought as being apparently a vagrant shall inquire into the circumstances of that person, and where the court finds that person to be a vagrant the court shall have power—

(a) if the court finds that person to be a beggar and a citizen of Kenya, to make an order for that person to be taken to a rehabilitation centre and requiring that person to reside in that centre for a period not exceeding two years:

Provided that no such order shall be made unless the court is satisfied that the beggar will be admitted to a centre without undue delay;

(b) if the court finds that person not to be a citizen of Kenya, or to be a citizen of Kenya who is a vagrant but not a beggar and who has no home, to make an order for that person to be detained in a place of detention;

(c) if the court finds that person to be a citizen of Kenya who is a vagrant but not a beggar and who has a home, to make an order for that person to be sent to the district in which his home is situated and restricting the movement of that person to that district during a period of three years.

(2) For the purposes of enabling the court to inquire into the circumstances of any person brought before the court as being apparently a vagrant or into any matter for the purposes of subsection (1), the provisions of section 205 of the Criminal

Procedure Code (which relates to adjournment before or during the hearing of any case) shall apply in respect of that person as if he were an accused person.

(3) Where a court makes an order under subsection (1) (a) in respect of a beggar that court may also make an order for that person to be detained in custody until such time as he is taken to a centre.

(4) Where a court makes an order under subsection (1) (c) in respect of a vagrant that court may also make an order for the detention of the vagrant in a place of detention until such time as he is sent to the district in which his home is situated :

Provided that person shall be detained under an order made under this subsection for a period exceeding twenty-eight days.

(5) Where a court finds that a person is a vagrant and considers that inquiry should be made as to whether that person has committed an offence under section 8, that court may order that person to be detained in a place of detention pending the result of that inquiry.

5. (1) Any person in respect of whom an order has been made under section 4 (1) may appeal to the High Court. Appeals.

(2) For the purposes of any appeal under this section the provisions of section 347 to 367 (both inclusive) of Part XI of the Criminal Procedure Code shall apply in all respects as if the order appealed from were a conviction and sentence to which those provisions apply: Cap. 75.

Provided that the execution of an order under section 4 (1) (c) of this Act shall not be suspended pending the hearing of the appeal.

(3) A decision of the High Court upon any appeal under this section shall be final.

6. The Minister may at any time by order revoke any order made by a court under section 4. Minister may revoke orders.

7. (1) An administrative officer may issue a permit in writing under this section to any person in respect of whom an order has been made under section 4 (1) (c) permitting that person to leave the district to which his movements have been restricted by that order. Permits.

(2) A permit issued under this section may be issued subject to any conditions as to the purposes for which or the period for which a person may leave the district to which he is restricted or as to the places outside that district where the person is permitted to go.

Contraventions
of orders and
permits
11 of 1970, Sch.

8. Any person who, having been sent to a district in pursuance of an order made under section 4 (1) (c)—

(a) is found outside that district in contravention of that order; and

(i) is not in possession of a permit issued under section 7; or

(ii) is found to be acting in breach of any conditions of a permit so issued; or

(b) while outside that district fails without reasonable cause to produce such a permit to a police officer or administrative officer upon demand,

shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable to imprisonment for a term not exceeding six months for a first offence or two years for a second or subsequent offence.

PART III—REHABILITATION CENTRES AND BEGGARS

Rehabilitation
centres.

9. (1) The Minister may, with the consent of the Minister for the time being responsible for local government, by notice in the Gazette, declare any premises to be a rehabilitation centre.

(2) A declaration made under subsection (1) may be revoked at any time by notice in the Gazette.

Cap. 265.

(3) The power conferred upon every municipal council and county council by section 155 (g) of the Local Government Act to establish, maintain and control rehabilitation centres shall be exercised subject to the provisions of this section.

(4) A rehabilitation centre shall not be established except with the consent of the Minister and of the Minister for the time being responsible for local government.

(5) The appointment of the warden and of any medical or supervisory staff of a centre shall be made with the consent of the Minister.

(6) The local authority controlling a rehabilitation centre shall keep such records (including medical records) relating to the inmates of that centre, and shall furnish such information

to the Minister relating to the centre and its inmates, as the Minister may from time to time require.

10. (1) Any beggar residing in a centre may be required by the warden to perform any work which the warden considers suitable for that beggar and which he considers—

Provisions relating to beggars residing in centres.

- (a) will be likely to fit that beggar for any employment or occupation outside the centre; or
- (b) will contribute to the maintenance of that beggar in the centre.

(2) A beggar shall be discharged from a centre if the warden is satisfied that upon leaving the centre he will either—

- (a) engage in some suitable employment or occupation outside the centre by which he will be able to maintain himself; or
- (b) be taken into the care of a person able and willing to provide care and maintenance for that inmate.

(3) A beggar who absents himself from a centre without lawful excuse may be arrested by a police officer and, if he can be returned to that centre within twenty-four hours of his arrest, shall be so returned, but otherwise shall be taken into custody and brought before a court.

11. (1) The Minister may make regulations for the regulation, staffing and management of rehabilitation centres, and such regulations may in particular—

Regulations regarding rehabilitation centres.

- (a) regulate the admission to and discharge from centres of beggars and the transfer of beggars from one centre to another;
- (b) provide for the search of the person and clothing, and for the recording of particulars of the identity, of any beggar;
- (c) make provision as to the facilities and services to be provided in such centres and for the care, control, maintenance and rehabilitation of beggars;
- (d) require beggars to submit to medical examination, and provide for the taking of measures for the protection of the health of beggars in centres;
- (e) make or provide for the making of rules of conduct for beggars in centres (including rules imposing penalties for breaches of such rules of conduct);
- (f) confer upon any public officer authorized thereunder such powers of inspection as may be prescribed.

(2) The Minister shall make regulations providing for centres to be visited by boards of visitors appointed thereunder and prescribing the functions of such boards, and such regulations shall—

- (a) make provision for a board, or at least two members thereof, to visit every centre at intervals not less frequently than once in every four months;
- (b) empower the boards, or any member thereof, when visiting a centre, to investigate any complaint by a beggar, to interview any beggar in private and to require a private medical examination of any beggar.

Ill-treatment
of beggars
in centres.

12. Any person who, being a member of the staff of, or otherwise in charge of, a centre, ill-treats or wilfully neglects a beggar for the time being residing in that centre shall be guilty of an offence and liable to a fine not exceeding two thousand shillings or to a term of imprisonment not exceeding six months or to both such fine and imprisonment.

Obstruction.

13. (1) Any person who refuses to allow the inspection of a centre or without reasonable cause refuses to allow the visiting, interviewing or examination of a beggar by a person authorized in that behalf by or under this Act or to produce for the inspection of a person so authorized any document or record the production of which is duly required by him, or otherwise obstructs any such person in the exercise of his functions, shall be guilty of an offence.

(2) Without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing subsection, any person who insists on being present when requested to withdraw by a person authorized to interview or examine a person in private, shall be guilty of an offence.

(3) Any person guilty of an offence under this section shall be liable to a fine not exceeding two thousand shillings or to a term of imprisonment not exceeding two months or to both such fine and imprisonment.

Assisting
beggars to
absent
themselves
without leave.

14. (1) Any person who induces or knowingly assists any beggar—

- (a) ordered to reside in a centre, to absent himself from that centre without leave; or
- (b) being in lawful custody by virtue of section 17, to escape from such custody,

shall be guilty of an offence.

(2) Any person who knowingly harbours a beggar who is absent from a centre without leave or is otherwise at large

and liable to be taken under this Act, or gives him any assistance with intent to prevent, hinder or interfere with his being taken into custody or returned to the centre or other place where he ought to be, shall be guilty of an offence.

(3) Any person guilty of an offence under this section shall be liable to a fine not exceeding two thousand shillings or to a term of imprisonment not exceeding six months, or to both such fine and imprisonment.

PART IV.—PLACES OF DETENTION AND DEPORTATION
OF VAGRANTS

15. (1) The officer in charge of a place of detention shall use his best endeavours to obtain suitable employment outside that place for those vagrants detained therein who are citizens of Kenya, and, in the event of such employment being found for and accepted by such a vagrant, shall discharge him from detention to enable him to take up that employment.

(2) If within three months from the date of committal to a place of detention of any vagrant who is a citizen of Kenya no suitable employment has been obtained for and accepted by him he shall be discharged from that place of detention.

(3) Whenever any vagrant who is not a citizen of Kenya is ordered to be detained in a place of detention, the officer in charge of that place shall forthwith report his detention to the Minister for the time being responsible for immigration, and, if within three months of the date of that order that Minister has not made an order for the removal of that vagrant from Kenya under any law relating to immigration, that vagrant shall be discharged forthwith from detention.

16. (1) Subject to subsection (2), the provisions of the Prisons Act and the Detention Camps Act and of any regulations made under those Acts (in this section referred to as the said Acts) shall apply in relation to any person ordered to be detained as a vagrant under this Act as if he were a prisoner (and in the case of the Prisons Act as if he were a criminal prisoner) undergoing detention within the meaning of the said Acts.

(2) The Minister may make regulations for facilitating the implementation of this Act, and the said Acts in relation to the detention of vagrants, including in particular regulations—

(a) prescribing which provisions of the said Acts shall and which shall not apply to vagrants or any class or description of vagrants detained under this Act;

Places of detention and discharge of vagrants after detention.



Application of section 124 of Cap. 63 and of Caps. 90 and 91 to vagrants under detention.

(b) modifying the provisions of the said Acts in such manner as he thinks proper in their application to vagrants or to any class or description of vagrants.

Cap. 63

(3) For the purposes of section 124 of the Penal Code (which relates to aiding escape) any person ordered to be detained as a vagrant under this Act shall be deemed to be a prisoner, and any place where that person is so detained shall be deemed to be a prison.

PART V—MISCELLANEOUS

Vagrants to be deemed to be in lawful custody. Cap. 63. Cap. 75.

17. For the purposes of sections 122 and 123 of the Penal Code (which relate to rescue and escape) and of section 40 of the Criminal Procedure Code (which relates to recapture), any vagrant required or authorized by or by virtue of this Act to be detained in or to reside in, or to be conveyed to or from, a place of detention or rehabilitation centre, or to be taken or held in custody, shall, while being so detained or resident, or conveyed, taken or held, be deemed to be in lawful custody.

Fingerprints, etc. Cap. 84.

18. The proviso to section 21 (1) of the Police Act (which relates to the destruction of fingerprints and other records) shall not apply in relation to a person who has been found by the court under this Act to be a vagrant.

General provisions relating to orders, warrants, etc., of the court.

19. (1) A court may issue such warrants as may be necessary for the purpose of carrying into effect any order made under this Act, and any warrant so issued shall be sufficient authority in law to all persons to whom it is directed to carry that order into effect.

(2) Every warrant issued under this section in respect of an order shall be issued under the hand of the person presiding over the court by whom that order is made, or by his successor in office.

(3) Where any order under this section is expressed to have effect for any period of time that period shall be deemed to commence on, and to include the whole of, the day on which it was made.

(4) The Minister may make regulations prescribing, subject to the approval of the Chief Justice, the forms of warrant, complaint, order, permit or other similar forms to be used under this Act.

General provisions relating to orders of the Minister.

20. (1) Every order made by the Minister under this Act shall be signed by the Minister or by a person authorized in writing by the Minister in that behalf, and any document

purporting to be such an order or such an authorization shall, unless the contrary is proved, be deemed to be such an order or authorization.

(2) Any such order or authorization made by the Minister may be revoked or varied by him at any time in the same manner as that order or authorization was made.

21. (1) Without prejudice to any specific power conferred by any provision of this Act, regulations may be made for facilitating the implementation of this Act.

Regulations.

(2) Any regulations made under this Act may make different provisions with respect to different cases or classes of case and for different purposes of this Act, may prescribe the time and manner of taking of any action required or permitted to be taken under this Act (including the procedure to be followed and the forms to be used), and may contain such incidental or supplementary provisions as appear to the Minister to be expedient for the purposes of the regulations.



SUBSIDIARY LEGISLATION**Regulations under section 11****THE VAGRANCY (REHABILITATION CENTRES)
REGULATIONS****ARRANGEMENT OF REGULATIONS****PART I—PRELIMINARY***Regulation*

- 1—Citation.
- 2—Interpretation.
- 3—Control of rehabilitation centres.

**PART II—ADMISSION, ACCOMMODATION IN AND GENERAL
MANAGEMENT OF REHABILITATION CENTRES**

- 4—Admission of beggars.
- 5—Child of female beggar.
- 6—Search.
- 7—Property of beggars.
- 8—Particulars to be recorded.
- 9—Bath or shower.
- 10—Medical examination.
- 11—Information as to rules of centre.
- 12—Understanding of rules of centre.

PART III—TREATMENT OF BEGGARS

- 13—No provocation.
- 14—Clothing to be supplied.
- 15—Bedding to be supplied.
- 16—Washing, etc., of clothing and bedding.
- 17—Food.
- 18—Directions of warden to be obeyed.
- 19—Haircutting of female beggars.
- 20—Educational facilities.
- 21—Religious instruction.
- 22—Complaints, etc.
- 23—Work.
- 24—Work for female beggars.
- 25—Sundays and Public Holidays, etc.

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- 27—After-care committee.

PART V—DISCIPLINE OF BEGGARS

Regulation

- 28—Rehabilitation centre offences.
- 29—Procedure for offences.
- 30—Punishments.
- 31—No confinement unless medically fit.
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- 35—Infectious diseases.
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- 44—Warden.
- 45—General duties of warden.
- 46—Duties of warden in respect of illness, death, etc.
- 47—Visitors.
- 48—Fire prevention.
- 49—Houses.
- 50—Staff of houses.
- 51—General duty of staff.
- 52—Prohibition of certain acts by officers.
- 53—Officers' quarters.
- 54—Report of beggar in poor health.
- 55—Delegation by Minister.
- 56—Inspection of centre.

SCHEDULES

**THE VAGRANCY (REHABILITATION CENTRES)
REGULATIONS**

[Subsidiary]

L.N. 164/1970.

PART I—PRELIMINARY

1. These Regulations may be cited as the Vagrancy (Rehabilitation Centres) Regulations. Citation.
2. In these Regulations, except where the context otherwise requires—
- “local authority” means a municipal council or a county council established under the Local Government Act; Cap. 265.
- “medical officer” means a person designated as such by the Director of Medical Services and appointed with the consent of the Minister to be responsible for a rehabilitation centre; and
- “officer” in relation to a rehabilitation centre means the warden or such other supervisory staff as may be appointed by the controlling local authority from time to time with the consent of the Minister.
3. (1) Every rehabilitation centre shall be under the control and management of the local authority in whose area of jurisdiction the centre is established under section 9 (1) of the Act. Control of rehabilitation centres.
- (2) The general charge and administration of a rehabilitation centre shall be vested in a warden appointed by the local authority in control of the centre with the consent of the Minister.
- PART II—ADMISSION, ACCOMMODATION IN AND GENERAL
MANAGEMENT OF REHABILITATION CENTRES
4. (1) The warden shall, upon receiving an order under section 4 (1) (a) of the Act, make all necessary arrangements for the admission of the beggar in respect of whom the order is made into his rehabilitation centre. Admission of beggars.
- (2) The Minister may direct that any beggar in a rehabilitation centre shall be transferred to another centre as may be necessary from time to time.
- (3) A beggar shall not be exposed to public view more than is necessary while being moved to or from a rehabilitation centre.
5. Subject to such conditions that may be imposed by the Minister, the child of a female beggar may be admitted into the rehabilitation centre with its mother and may be supplied with necessaries at public expense; but the child shall not be permitted to remain in the centre after it has attained the age of four years, or after arrangements for its proper care outside the centre have been made, whichever is earlier. Child of female beggar.
6. (1) Every beggar shall be searched on admission into a rehabilitation centre and at such subsequent times as the warden directs, and all unauthorized articles shall be taken from him and kept in safe custody of the warden. Search.

[Subsidiary]

	<p>(2) A beggar shall be searched in as seemly manner as is consistent with the necessity for discovering concealed articles.</p> <p>(3) A beggar shall be searched only by officers of the same sex as himself or herself.</p>
Property of beggars.	<p>7. (1) Subject to paragraph (2), all money, clothing or other effects belonging to a beggar which he is not allowed to retain shall be placed in the custody of the warden who shall keep an inventory thereof, which shall be signed by the beggar.</p> <p>(2) All articles of a perishable nature, and all articles infested with vermin or otherwise likely to spread disease in a rehabilitation centre, which are in the possession of a beggar on admission into a rehabilitation centre, shall be destroyed.</p> <p>(3) In any case where the clothes of a beggar are so old, worn out or dirty as to be useless, the warden shall order them to be destroyed, and in such case on the release of the beggar the warden shall give him clothing of a suitable kind free of charge.</p> <p>(4) Articles which in the opinion of the warden are too bulky for storage shall not be accepted into the rehabilitation centre.</p> <p>(5) On the discharge of a beggar, all articles of clothing and property shall be returned to him unless they have been destroyed under this regulation.</p> <p>(6) If any beggar is discharged from a rehabilitation centre and fails to claim his property within six months from his discharge, or if any beggar dies in the rehabilitation centre and his personal representative or his relatives do not claim his property within six months of his death, the warden may, if in his opinion the property is of no substantial value, destroy it, or if he considers it possible to sell it he shall sell it and devote the proceeds to the welfare of the beggars in the rehabilitation centre generally.</p>
Particulars to be recorded.	<p>8. The name, race, tribe, age, weight, and particular marks, and such other measurements and particulars as may be required, in regard to a beggar, shall upon his admission, be recorded in such manner as the Minister may direct.</p>
Bath or shower.	<p>9. Every beggar shall, unless exempted by the warden or the medical officer, take a bath or shower on admission and thereafter whenever ordered to do so by the warden.</p>
Medical examination.	<p>10. Every beggar shall, on the day of his admission or as soon as possible after his admission, be separately examined by the medical officer, who shall record the state of his health and such other particulars as may be required; and when a beggar is received too late to be examined on the same day he shall be examined as soon as possible the next day, and in any case within twenty-four hours of his admission.</p>
Information as to rules of centre.	<p>11. Every beggar on admission to a rehabilitation centre shall be provided in his room or dormitory with sufficient information as to the rules concerning the disciplinary requirements of the rehabilitation centre, to privileges and to the proper methods of making complaints as to food, clothing, bedding and other necessities.</p>

[Subsidiary]

12. (1) The warden shall, personally or through another officer, ensure that as soon as possible after admission in a rehabilitation centre, and in any case within twenty-four hours, every beggar who can read has read the information so provided.

Understanding of rules of centre.

(2) Where a beggar cannot read or has difficulty in understanding the information so provided, it shall be clearly explained to him in order that he may fully understand his rights and obligations.

PART III—TREATMENT OF BEGGARS

13. No officer shall deliberately act in a manner calculated to provoke a beggar.

No provocation.

14. (1) Every beggar may be supplied with and shall wear such clothing as may be directed by the warden.

Clothing to be supplied.

(2) Additional or alternative clothing may be supplied to a beggar on the recommendation of the medical officer, or by order of the warden.

15. (1) Every beggar shall be supplied with bedding adequate for warmth and comfort.

Bedding to be supplied.

(2) Additional or alternative bedding may be supplied to a beggar on the recommendation of the medical officer.

16. (1) The clothes of a beggar shall be changed and washed at least weekly, and bed clothes shall be washed and aired as often as the warden directs.

Washing, etc., of clothing and bedding.

(2) The rehabilitation centre clothing and bedding left by a beggar on the discharge shall be thoroughly washed, dried and disinfected before being returned to store for re-issue.

17. (1) Every beggar shall be entitled to a sufficient quantity of plain, wholesome food, and the quality of food supplied to a beggar shall be in accordance with such sufficient quantities as may be laid down by the Minister from time to time.

Food.

(2) A beggar may be placed on a restricted diet as may be laid down by the Minister unless the medical officer otherwise recommends.

(3) A beggar who has any complaint to make regarding food supplied to him shall make it to the warden or any other officer immediately after the food in respect of which he has cause for complaint is served to him.

18. Every beggar shall obey such directions as may be given to him by the warden about washing, bathing, shaving and hair cutting.

Directions of Warden to be obeyed.

19. The hair of female beggars shall not be cut on admission or afterwards unless the medical officer considers it to be necessary for health and cleanliness or if the beggar herself express a desire to have her hair cut.

Haircutting of female beggars.

20. (1) The warden may make provision for educational classes for the beggars.

Educational facilities.

(2) A library for the use of beggars may be provided in every rehabilitation centre and every beggar shall be permitted to read

[Subsidiary]

books from the library in accordance with such conditions as may be laid down by the warden.

(3) The warden may arrange for lectures, concerts and other kinds of recreations for beggars to take place outside the hours of work.

Religious instruction.

21. (1) Adequate arrangements shall be made for the provision of religious instruction to beggars according to their religious beliefs.

(2) Every beggar may on admission at his request be furnished with such religious books of his faith as are obtainable in the rehabilitation centre.

Complaints, etc.

22. (1) Any request by a beggar to see the Minister or a member of the board of visitors shall be recorded by the officer to whom it is made and conveyed without delay to the warden, who shall in time inform the Minister or a member of the board of visitors as the case may be, of such request.

(2) The warden shall at a convenient hour every day, other than Sundays and Public Holidays, hear the complaints of all beggars who have requested to see him.

Work.

23. (1) Every beggar shall be required to engage in useful work, all of which so far as is practicable shall be performed in association with other beggars either on the necessary services of the rehabilitation centre, or in workshops or on outdoor work; and he shall be instructed, as far as possible, in useful occupations which may help him to earn his livelihood on discharge.

(2) No beggar shall be set to any work unless he has been certified fit for that type of work by the medical officer.

(3) Every beggar who has for sufficient cause been exempted by the medical officer shall be required to work at least forty hours a week and shall in addition to work attend educational classes as required.

Work for female beggars.

24. Female beggars shall be employed in association with female beggars only and on such work as is suitable for them.

Sundays and Public Holidays, etc.

25. (1) Except where the Minister otherwise directs, beggars shall not be required to do any work on Sundays and Public Holidays other than to keep the rehabilitation centre clear and prepare food for themselves.

(2) The warden may make special arrangements for the observation by any beggar of his religious and national festivals.

PART IV—VISITORS

Appointment of board of visitors.

26. (1) The Minister shall, by notice in the Gazette, appoint a board of visitors for each of the rehabilitation centres, declared as such under section 9 (1) of the Act.

(2) The board of visitors shall consist of not less than ten members.

(3) Every board of visitors shall meet at least four times in every year.

[Subsidiary]

27. (1) Every board of visitors shall appoint from among its members a committee, to be known as the after-care committee, and shall arrange for one or more members of the committee at least once a month to visit its rehabilitation centre for the purposes of—

After-care
committee.

- (a) hearing complaints by beggars in a rehabilitation centre;
- (b) ensuring that the requirements of the Act and these Regulations have been complied with and that the management of the rehabilitation centre is proper in all respects;
- (c) examining the punishment book;
- (d) ensuring that no person is illegally detained in the rehabilitation centre; and
- (e) bringing any special case and any matter affecting the welfare of beggars or staff of the rehabilitation centre to the notice of the warden who shall inform the Minister and report thereon to the board of visitors.

(2) For the purposes of these regulations, "punishment book" means a book in which the adjudication of disciplinary offences committed by beggars in a rehabilitation centre is recorded.

(3) Each member of the board of visitors visiting the rehabilitation centre shall record his name and the date of the visit in a visitors' book kept for that purpose in the rehabilitation centre.

PART V—DISCIPLINE OF BEGGARS

28. (1) A beggar who—

- (a) disobeys any order of the warden or of any other officer or contravenes any rules of conduct of the rehabilitation centre;
- (b) is idle, careless or negligent at work or refuses to work;
- (c) is indecent in language, act or gesture;
- (d) escapes from the rehabilitation centre or from lawful custody;
- (e) mutinies or incites other beggars to mutiny;
- (f) commits an assault;
- (g) leaves his room or dormitory or place of work or other appointed place without permission;
- (h) wilfully disfigures or damages any part of the rehabilitation centre or any property which is not his own;
- (i) commits a nuisance;
- (j) has in his possession any unauthorized article, or attempts to obtain such an article;
- (k) gives to or receives from any person any unauthorized article;
- (l) makes repeated and groundless complaints;
- (m) in any way offends against good order and discipline;
- (n) attempts to do any of the foregoing things; or
- (o) aids or abets the doing of any of the foregoing things.

Rehabilitation
centre offences.

shall be guilty of a rehabilitation centre offence.

29. (1) When a beggar has been reported for a rehabilitation centre offence, he may be ordered to be kept apart from other beggars pending adjudication.

Procedure for
offences.

[Subsidiary]

(2) Before a report is dealt with, the beggar shall be informed of the offence for which he has been reported and shall be accorded the opportunity of making representations in his own defence.

(3) Every report against a beggar shall be heard before the warden without delay.

Punishments.

30. Any beggar who is found guilty of a rehabilitation centre offence after due inquiry by the warden may be awarded the following punishments—

- (a) a solitary confinement in a room for not more than 3 days;
- (b) such restricted diet as may be prescribed for a period not exceeding 3 days;
- (c) loss of all privileges which he may be entitled to under these Regulations.

No confinement unless medically fit.

31. No beggar shall be subjected to confinement to a room or to a restricted diet, until certified as medically fit to undergo such punishment.

Restricted diets.

32. The restricted diets which may be awarded under regulation 30 (b) shall be in accordance with the scale prescribed by the warden as approved by the Minister.

PART VI—MEDICAL OFFICERS AND THE HEALTH OF BEGGARS**Delegation of functions of medical officer.**

33. Subject to the directions of the Director of Medical Services, the medical officer may depute any of his functions or duties under these Regulations to any person who he considers to be suitably qualified to carry out such functions or duties.

Duties of medical officers.

34. (1) The medical officer shall attend at the rehabilitation centre for which he is responsible either daily or at regular intervals.

(2) Where the medical officer is of the opinion that a beggar should be transferred from the rehabilitation centre to a hospital, mental hospital or leper hospital, as the case may be, he shall accordingly advise the warden.

(3) Where the medical officer is of the opinion that no useful purpose could be served by the continued stay of a beggar in a rehabilitation centre, he shall advise the warden accordingly.

(4) The medical officer shall keep constant observation on the mental health of all beggars.

(5) The medical officer shall report to the warden any case where he finds a beggar to be suffering from disorder.

Infectious diseases.

35. The medical officer shall take all measures necessary to prevent spread of infectious or contagious diseases in a rehabilitation centre.

Records to be kept.

36. The medical officer shall keep the following books of records—

- (a) a case book showing the names of the beggars, the disease affecting them and the treatment provided;
- (b) a journal containing his comments relating to the state of the rehabilitation centre and inmates;

[Subsidiary]

(c) a case book giving full details of the medical history, and treatment of every sick beggar and in the case of death of an inmate of a rehabilitation centre, the cause of death and such factors if any contributing to it; and

(d) periodical reports on the nature and quality of the food of the beggars both before and after cooking.

37. If the medical officer considers it necessary for the health of any particular beggar or beggars or for the health of other beggars and members of the public, he may arrange for the vaccination or inoculation of all beggars.

Vaccination
and inoculation.

PART VII—LEAVE OF ABSENCE

38. (1) The warden may grant leave of absence to any beggar in a rehabilitation for such period and on such conditions as he may think fit, and may at any time revoke such leave of absence for sufficient cause and order the beggar to return immediately to the rehabilitation centre.

Leave of
absence.

(2) Where the warden allows a beggar to be absent from a rehabilitation centre under paragraph (1), he shall issue to the beggar a leave of absence in the form set out in the First Schedule.

PART VIII—DISCHARGE AND SUPERVISION

39. (1) The warden, on the recommendation of the after-care committee, may by licence under his hand discharge any beggar who has been detained in a rehabilitation centre for a period of not less than twelve months to live under the charge of a named responsible person whether a relative or not who is able and willing to provide care and maintenance for him.

Discharge
on licence.

(2) An order for discharge on licence shall be in the form set out in the Second Schedule.

(3) When a beggar is discharged on licence under paragraph (1), the after-care committee shall be given such information and assistance by the warden as may be necessary to ensure proper and regular supervision of the beggar.

(4) A licence shall remain in force until the expiration of the period for which the beggar is ordered to be detained in a rehabilitation centre under section 4 (1) (a) of the Act or until it is revoked under regulation 40 of these Regulations.

(5) The time during which a beggar is absent from a rehabilitation centre in pursuance of a licence shall, except where the licence is revoked by reason of breach of its conditions, be deemed to be part of the time of his detention in the rehabilitation centre.

40. (1) A licence may be revoked by order in writing of the Minister—

Revocation
of licence.

(a) if the person to whom it was granted had broken any conditions of the licence; or

(b) if the Minister and the after-care committee consider revocation of the licence to be in the best interest of the person to whom it is granted.

[Subsidiary]

(2) A beggar whose licence is revoked may, on readmission, suffer such of the punishments laid down for the breach of these Regulations as the warden deems necessary having regard to all the circumstances of the case.

(3) Revocation of a licence shall be in the form set out in the Third Schedule.

Minister may order discharge.

41. The Minister may at any time in writing order any beggar to be discharged from a rehabilitation centre, and upon discharge the order made by the court under section 4 (1) (a) of the Act in respect of that beggar shall cease to have effect.

PART IX—ADMINISTRATION

Duties of officers.

42. (1) An officer of a rehabilitation centre shall carry out his duties and responsibilities in accordance with the Act, these Regulations and any standing orders, administrative directions or general or special instructions issued by the Minister.

(2) Any breach of or non-compliance with any of the provisions of the Act, these Regulations or any standing orders, administrative directions or general or special instructions issued by the Minister on the part of an officer shall be a disciplinary offence, as well as an offence specifically provided for under the Act or these Regulations.

Conditions of service of officers.

43. (1) The controlling local authority shall prescribe the conditions of service of the officers of a rehabilitation centre and such conditions of service shall provide for punishments for disciplinary offences.

(2) Nothing in this or any other regulation shall be so construed as to exempt any officer of a rehabilitation centre from being prosecuted under the Act or any other written law in respect of any act or omission that is an offence under the Act or any other written law.

Warden.

44. (1) The warden shall be responsible for the maintenance of discipline in the rehabilitation centre.

(2) In carrying out his duties pertaining to maintenance of discipline the warden shall be responsible for all property in the rehabilitation centre and shall—

- (a) keep or cause to be kept the following books and records—
- (i) an inventory of the furniture and tools in the rehabilitation centre;
 - (ii) a diary, in which all acts, events or occurrences of importance within the rehabilitation centre shall be recorded;
 - (iii) a record of all beggars committed to the rehabilitation centre showing the date and period of commitment of beggars, the names and addresses of their parents (if known) and their general appearance, race, language, nationality, apparent age, health, height and weight;
 - (iv) a record of the conduct and health of the beggars;
 - (v) a visitors' book for the entry of observations by visitors;

[Subsidiary]

- (vi) an account of all materials purchased for use in the workshops of the rehabilitation centre and the disposal thereof;
- (vii) a record of all articles manufactured in the rehabilitation centre, and of all sales of such articles, showing cost of materials, transport and other incidental expenses; and
- (viii) a beggars' property book in a form approved by the local authority.

(3) In the absence of the warden, the local authority may with the consent of the Minister appoint any officer to perform all or any of the duties required to be performed by the warden, and the officer appointed shall for all purposes be deemed to be the warden during the absence of the warden.

(4) The warden and the principal rehabilitation officer shall not be absent from the rehabilitation centre at the same time.

(5) The principal rehabilitation officer and any other members of the staff shall not be absent from the rehabilitation centre without the leave of the warden.

45. The warden shall—

- (a) exercise a close and constant personal supervision of the whole rehabilitation centre;
- (b) visit and inspect every part of the rehabilitation centre once a day particularly those parts where beggars are employed or confined and give special attention and attend to the needs of every beggar who for any reason is confined to his room or is a patient in the rehabilitation centre's infirmary;
- (c) visit every part of the rehabilitation centre at night at an uncertain hour at least twice in every fortnight and satisfy himself that everything is in order; and
- (d) interview each beggar once immediately after admission to the rehabilitation centre and once prior to his discharge.

General
duties of
warden.

46. The warden shall—

- (a) ensure so far as is practicable that the medical officer's instructions and recommendations in regard to any beggar are strictly carried out;
- (b) upon the serious illness of any beggar, give immediate notice thereof to be most easily accessible known relative of the beggar;
- (c) upon the death of a beggar, give immediate notice thereof to the nearest magistrate empowered to hold an inquest, and to the relatives of the deceased, and thereafter report the death to the Minister;
- (d) without delay, report to the Minister any case in which the medical officer is of the opinion that the mental state of any beggar is becoming impaired or deteriorating as a result of continued discipline or treatment, or that the life of any beggar will be endangered by further detention, or that any sick beggar will not survive his period of detention or is

Duties of
warden in
respect of
illness, death,
etc.

[Subsidiary]

- totally and permanently unfit for the discipline of the rehabilitation centre.
- Visitors.** 47. The Minister and the warden may, in their sole discretion, allow any person to visit the rehabilitation centre.
- Fire prevention.** 48. (1) The warden shall take care that proper precautions against fire are adopted, and that the appliances for the extinction of fire are at all times kept in good order and ready for use.
(2) The warden shall take care that instructions are given as to the steps to be taken in case of fire and that officers concerned are acquainted with their duties in such an event.
- Houses.** 49. Where a rehabilitation centre is divided into houses, a principal rehabilitation officer shall be responsible for the administration of each house, subject to the general direction of the warden.
- Staff of houses.** 50. One or more officers on the staff of the rehabilitation centre may be attached to a house, and shall be subject to the direction of the principal rehabilitation officer in charge of the house.
- General duty of staff.** 51. Principal rehabilitation officers and other officers of the staff of the rehabilitation centre shall devote themselves to the mental, physical and moral welfare of each beggar under their charge.
- Prohibition of certain acts by officers.** 52. No officer of a rehabilitation centre shall—
(a) under any circumstances use force in dealing with beggars, nor ill-treat or wilfully neglect beggars;
(b) discuss his duties or any matter of discipline or of institutional arrangements within the hearing of a beggar;
(c) carry out any pecuniary or business transactions with any beggar or on his behalf with any person;
(d) except, with the authority of the warden, bring in or carry out any prohibited article to or for any beggar;
(e) have any interest, directly or otherwise, in any contract with the rehabilitation centre or with any contractor or other interested party on any work connected with the rehabilitation centre;
(f) receive any fee, gratuity or other consideration for admitting any visitors to enter a rehabilitation centre or to visit any beggar;
(g) make any unauthorized communication to a representative of the press or any other persons about matters which have come to his knowledge in the course of his official duties;
(h) except with the authority of the Minister in writing, publish any matter or make any public pronouncement with regard to the rehabilitation centre and its inmates.
- Officers' quarters.** 53. (1) Each officer of a rehabilitation centre shall occupy the quarters the local authority assigns to him, and shall vacate it when required to do so.
(2) The principal rehabilitation officer or any other officer of the staff of a rehabilitation centre living within a centre shall not permit any person who is not a regular member of his household to remain for the night in his quarters without the permission of the warden.

[Subsidiary]

54. The principal rehabilitation officer or any other officer of the staff of a rehabilitation centre shall direct the attention of the warden to any beggar who may appear to be in poor health, although not complaining of illness, or whose state of mind may appear deserving of special notice and care, so that the opinion and instructions of the medical officer may be obtained.

Report of beggar in poor health.

55. The Minister may by a notice in the Gazette delegate any of his responsibilities and powers under these Regulations to a public officer or an officer of the local authority.

Delegation by Minister.

56. The Minister shall make arrangements for the rehabilitation centre to be inspected at least once in every month by an authorized person who shall satisfy himself that the rehabilitation centre is conducted in the best possible interest and well-being of the beggars and shall furnish a report as to his findings to the Minister and to the controlling local authority, and shall enter his name and the date of his visit in the visitors' book provided for that purpose.

Inspection of centre.

FIRST SCHEDULE

(r. 38 (2))

LEAVE OF ABSENCE

.....

.....

Date

To

You are hereby given leave of absence for the purpose of on the following conditions:

- 1. You will go to such place as the warden directs.
- 2. You will not change your address without permission.
- 3. You will keep away from persons of bad character.
- 4. If the warden has told you to report to, you will do so.

If gives you any instruction, you will carry them out. In any case, you should see him/her if you want advice or help.

His/Her name and address is—

.....
.....
.....
.....

- 5. You will report back at the rehabilitation centre by on and if you fail to return at the proper time you will render yourself liable to be arrested. No extension of this leave of absence can be granted.
- 6. You will keep this form on you all the time that you are on leave of absence, and you will produce it to a police officer if required to do so.

.....

Warden

[Subsidiary]

*I have read and understood the above conditions of my leave of absence./The above conditions of my leave of absence have been explained and fully understood by me.

.....
Signature or thumbprint of beggar

* Delete as necessary.

SECOND SCHEDULE (r. 39 (2))

DISCHARGE ON LICENCE

....., 19....
IN EXERCISE of the powers conferred by regulation 39 (2) of the Vagrancy (Rehabilitation Centres) Regulations, the warden hereby permits who, at the held at on the day of, 19...., for the of was found guilty of and was ordered to detention in a rehabilitation centre and who is now detained in the rehabilitation centre at to be discharged from the said rehabilitation centre from the date hereof on condition that the licensee is placed under the care, supervision and authority of until the expiration of the sentence on the day of, 19.... and during the further period of for which the licensee is liable under section (4) (1) (a) of the Act, to remain under supervision, namely until day of, 19...., unless the Minister sooner revokes or alters this licence.

This licence is granted subject to the conditions contained herein and is liable to revocation in the event of breach of the said conditions.

.....
Warden

.....
Rehabilitation Centre

CONDITIONS

1. The licensee shall proceed to such place as is directed by, and shall not, without the consent of the person under whose charge he/she has been placed, move from that place or such other place as may be named by the person.
2. The licensee shall obey such instructions as may be given with regard to punctual and regular attendance or by letter, if required to do so, and shall make no change of address without permission.
3. The licensee shall abstain from any violation of the law, and shall not associate with persons of bad character, and shall lead a sober, steady and industrious life to the satisfaction of
4. The licensee shall not visit the rehabilitation centre or write to any beggar in it without first obtaining the permission of the Warden.

[Subsidiary]

I hereby acknowledge that I am aware of, and understand, the above-named conditions which have been explained to me.

.....
Signature or thumbprint of beggar

Warden

This beggar was discharged on, 19....

THIRD SCHEDULE (r. 40 (3))

REVOCATION OF DISCHARGE ON LICENCE

WHEREAS by licence bearing date of the day of, 19...., you being a person under sentence of detention in the rehabilitation centre were duly licensed to the care of for the period of months days from

Now the Minister does hereby revoke the said licence from the date hereof, and requires you the said forthwith to return to the rehabilitation centre on at

Made this day of, 19....

.....
Minister

Note.—A person failing to return to a rehaoilitation centre on revocation of licence shall hold himself liable to be apprehended without warrant.

Regulations under section 16 (2)

THE VAGRANCY (APPLICATION OF SECTIONS OF PRISONS ACT) REGULATIONS

1. These Regulations may be cited as the Vagrancy (Application of Sections of Prisons Act) Regulations.

2. The provisions of the sections of the Prisons Act specified in the First Schedule to these Regulations shall for all intents and purposes apply to vagrants or any class or description of vagrants or any class or description of vagrants detained under the Act.

3. The provisions of the sections of the Prisons Act modified in the manner set out in the Second Schedule to these Regulations shall for all intents and purposes apply to vagrants or any class or discription of vagrants detained under the Act.

L.N. 165/1970.
Cap. 90.

FIRST SCHEDULE (r. 2)

Sections of the Prisons Act (Cap. 90)

7; 8; 9; 12 (1), (2), 13; 14 (1), (2); 18 (a), (b), (c), (d); 19 (1), (2), (3); 21 (1), (2), (3), (4), (5); 25; 26 (1), (2), (3); 27 (1), (2), (3); 28; 29 (1), (2), (3), (4); 30 (1), (2), (3), (4); 31 (1), (2) (a), (2) (b); 32; 33 (1), (2), (3); 34; 36; 37; 38 (1), (2), (3), (4); 39 (1), (2), (3), (4), (5); 41 (1), (2), (3), (4), (5), (6); 42; 43; 45 (1), (2), (3); 50; 53; 54 (1), (2); 55 (1), (2), (3), (4), (5); 56; 57; 58 (a), (b), (c), (d); 59 (1), (2); 60; 61 (1), (2), (3); 62; 64; 65; 72 (1), (2), (3), (4), (5); 73 (1), (2).

[Subsidiary]

SECOND SCHEDULE

(r. 3)

*Modified Sections of the Prisons Act (Cap. 90)**Section 51 (1)*

An officer in charge, if he is a senior prison officer or an administrative officer, may punish any prisoner found after due inquiry by him to be guilty of a minor offence by awarding him one or more of the following punishments—

- (a) confinement in a separate cell on the prescribed diet for a term not exceeding such period as may be prescribed;
- (b) forfeiture of privileges, or forfeiture of all or part of earnings, or removal from any earnings, or removal from any earnings scheme, or reduction in earnings grade, for such period as may be prescribed.

Section 51 (2)

An officer in charge, if a subordinate prison officer, may punish any prisoner found after due inquiry by him to be guilty of a minor offence by awarding him one or more of the following punishments—

- (a) confinement in a separate cell on the prescribed punishment diet for a term not exceeding such period as may be prescribed;
- (b) forfeiture of all privileges, or forfeiture of all or part of earnings, or removal from any earnings scheme, or reduction in earnings grade for such period as may be prescribed.

Section 51 (3)

An officer in charge, if a senior prison officer or an administrative officer, may punish any prisoner found after due inquiry by him to be guilty of an aggravated prison offence by awarding him one or more of the following punishments—

- (a) corporal punishment with a cane not exceeding such amount as may be prescribed;
- (b) confinement in a separate cell on the prescribed punishment diet for a term not exceeding such period as may be prescribed;
- (c) forfeiture of privileges, or forfeiture of all or part of earnings or removal from any earnings scheme, or reduction in earnings grade for such period as may be prescribed.

Section 52 (1)

The Commissioner may punish any prisoner found after due inquiry by him to be guilty of a prison offence.

Section 52 (2)

An officer in charge on finding a prisoner guilty of an aggravated prison offence may, if he is of the opinion that in the circumstances of the case or because of the prisoner's character the powers of punishment he possesses are inadequate, transfer the case to the Commissioner for punishment.

SECOND SCHEDULE—(Contd.)

Section 52 (3)

An officer in charge, if he transfers a case to the Commissioner under subsection (2) of this section, shall forward to the Commissioner—

- (a) a copy of the charge;
- (b) the record of all the evidence he has taken, including the evidence of the prisoner;
- (c) the reasons why he has found the prisoner guilty; and
- (d) any representations the prisoner wishes to make to the Commissioner in regard to punishment.

Section 52 (4)

The Commissioner on receipt of a record forwarded to him under subsection (3) of this section may

- (a) punish the prisoner; or
- (b) reverse the findings of the officer in charge and find the prisoner not guilty; or
- (c) require the officer in charge to take further evidence and submit it to him prior to his making a decision.

Section 52 (5)

The Commissioner may award a prisoner one or more of the following punishments—

- (a) corporal punishment not exceeding such amount as may be prescribed;
- (b) confinement in a separate cell on the prescribed diet for such period as may be prescribed;
- (c) forfeiture of privileges, or forfeiture of all or part of earnings, or removal from any earnings scheme, or reduction in earnings grade, for such period as may be prescribed.

Regulations under section 19 (4)**THE VAGRANCY (FORMS) REGULATIONS**

L.N. 162/1970.

1. These Regulations may be cited as the Vagrancy (Forms) Regulations.

2. The forms set out in the Schedule, or forms conforming thereto as nearly as may be, shall be used in cases to which they are applicable.

[Subsidiary]

SCHEDULE

(r. 2)

FORM A

Police Case No.

Docket No.

THE VAGRANCY ACT

(Section 3)

COMPLAINT

The following person, aged about years, is brought before Court at under section 4 (1) of the Vagrancy Act, on the day of, 19...., as being apparently a vagrant as defined in section 2 (a), (b), (c) and (d)* of the Act.

Particulars

(Name of alleged vagrant) was found at (place) at a.m./p.m. on the day of, 19....

Dated this day of, 19....

..... Officer-in-Charge

..... Police Station

* Delete paragraphs not applicable.

Insert the particulars of vagrancy in accordance with the definition of "vagrant" in section 2 (a), (b), (c) and (d) of the Act—viz.: "vagrant" means—

- (a) a person having neither lawful employment nor lawful means of subsistence such as to provide him regularly with the necessities for his maintenance; and, for the purposes of this paragraph, prostitution shall not be deemed to be lawful employment, and earnings from prostitution shall not be deemed to be lawful means of subsistence; or
(b) a person having no fixed abode and not giving satisfactory account of himself; and, for the purpose of this paragraph, a person lodging in or about any verandah, pavement, sidewalk, passage, or house, shed, warehouse, store, shop or unoccupied building; or in the open air or in or about a cart or vehicle, shall be deemed to be a person having no fixed abode; or
(c) a person wandering abroad, or placing himself in a public place, to beg or gather alms; or
(d) a person offering, pretending or professing to tell fortunes, or using any subtle craft, means or device by palmistry or otherwise to deceive or impose upon any person.

FORM B

Police Case No.
Docket No.

THE VAGRANCY ACT
(Section 4 (1) (a))

IN THE COURT AT
VAGRANCY CASE NO. OF 19....

To: The Warden,
..... (Rehabilitation Centre)

Whereas of
hereinafter referred to as the beggar) aged years,
was on the day of, 19....,
found by the Court to be a beggar and has been ordered to reside in
a rehabilitation centre.

You are hereby authorized and required to receive the said beggar
into your custody and to retain him/her in accordance with the
provisions of the Vagrancy Act.

Given under my hand and Seal of this Court this
day of, 19....

.....
Magistrate (SRM/RM/DM)

FORM C

Police Case No.
Docket No.

THE VAGRANCY ACT
(Section 4 (1) (b))

IN THE COURT AT
VAGRANCY CASE NO. OF 19....

To: The Officer-in-Charge,
..... (Place of Detention)

In the Court at
Whereas found to be a citizen of
..... aged years was on
the day of, 19...., found by
this Court to be a vagrant it is ordered that he/she be detained in a
place of detention.

You are hereby authorized and required to receive the said
vagrant into your custody and to retain him/her in accordance with
the provisions of the Vagrancy Act.

Given under my hand and Seal of this Court this
day of, 19....

.....
Magistrate (SRM/RM/DM)

[Subsidiary]

FORM D

Police Case No.

Docket No.

THE VAGRANCY ACT
(Section 4 (1) (c))

IN THE COURT AT
VAGRANCY CASE NO. OF 19....

ORDER TO RETURN TO THE DISTRICT WHERE HOME IS SITUATED

In the Court at

Whereas of
(hereinafter referred to as the vagrant) aged years was on
the day of, 19...., found by this court
to be a vagrant it has been ordered that he/she will return to
..... district in which his/her home is situated and
to reside in the said district of for a period of
three year in accordance with the provisions of the Vagrancy Act.

Given under my hand and Seal of this Court on the
day of, 19....

.....
Magistrate (SRM/RM/DM)

Copy to: (the vagrant)

I acknowledge that the provisions of the Vagrancy Act have
been explained to me and understood that I require a permit issued
by an administrative officer to leave my district of
and I further understand that if I fail to comply with this proviso I
shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable to imprisonment for
a term not exceeding six months for a first offence or to a term of
imprisonment not exceeding two years for a second or subsequent
offence against the provisions of the Vagrancy Act.

FORM E

PERMIT ISSUED UNDER SECTION 7 (1) AND (2) OF VAGRANCY ACT

I (Administrative Officer) do
hereby authorize of
..... district who was found
to be a vagrant in the Court at
in Vagrancy Case No. and was ordered to reside
within district for a period of three
years from (date) to permit
to leave the district of subject to the
following conditions
.....
.....
.....
.....

[Subsidiary]

I certify that the provisions of section 8 (a) (i) and (ii) and section 8 (b) of the Vagrancy Act have been explained to and that he has acknowledged his understanding of those provisions by affixing his signature or thumbprint hereunder.

.....
Signature or Thumbprint of Vagrant

..... *Witness*

Dated this day of 19....

.....
Designation of Administrative Officer

..... *District*

